

CR-16-00211-LHK

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SAN JOSE DIVISION

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

VS

VILASINI GANESH and GREGORY BELCHER

FILED  
JUL 13 2017

SUSAN Y. SOONG  
CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
SAN JOSE

SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT

COUNT 1: 18 U.S.C. § 1349 - Conspiracy to Commit Health Care Fraud

COUNTS 2-10: 18 U.S.C. §§ 1347 and 2 - Health Care Fraud

COUNTS 11-17: 18 U.S.C. § 1035 - False Statements relating to Health Care Matters

COUNT 18: 18 U.S.C. § 1956(h) - Conspiracy to Commit Money Laundering

COUNTS 19-24: 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) and 2 - Money Laundering

*A true bill.*

*Ch. Oates*

Foreperson

Filed in open court this 13 day of July A.D. 2017

*[Signature]*

United States Magistrate Judge

Bail. \$

*no press as to  
to defendant*

1

1 medical practice under the name Campbell Medical Group ("CMG"). GANESH was assigned and used  
2 the Taxpayer Identification Number ("TIN") xx47871 as a unique identifier required for her business  
3 billings.

4 2. Defendant GREGORY BELCHER ("BELCHER") was a physician licensed to practice in  
5 the State of California, providing orthopedic medical and surgical services to individuals in and around  
6 Saratoga, California. BELCHER maintained and used two TINs for his billings, xx09434 and xx16097.

7 3. Since approximately 2008, GANESH and BELCHER have shared clinical offices located  
8 at 18805 Cox Avenue, Suite 110, Saratoga, California 95070.

9 4. BELCHER also operated a physical therapy clinic located at 18805 Cox Avenue, Suite  
10 160, Saratoga, California 95070.

11 5. E.D., whose identity is known to the Grand Jury, was a medical doctor licensed in  
12 California and the previous owner and operator of CMG from 1987 and 2005. In 2005, E.D. transferred  
13 ownership of CMG to GANESH. Prior to 1987, CMG had been a medical practice operated under the  
14 acronym "KRD" by E.D. and two other doctors. The TIN for the KRD practice when it was established  
15 in or about the late 1970s was xx43757. When KRD changed its name to CMG in or about 1987, E.D.  
16 and his partners continued to use the same xx43757 TIN (referred to herein as the "KRD TIN"). As of  
17 2006, neither E.D. nor his original partners were involved in practicing medicine at CMG.

18 Health Care Benefit Programs

19 6. A "health care benefit program," as defined by 18 U.S.C. § 24(b), includes any public or  
20 private plan or contracts, affecting commerce "under which any medical benefit, item, or service is  
21 provided to any individual, and includes any individual or entity who is providing a medical benefit,  
22 item, or service for which payment may be made under the plan or contract."

23 7. Anthem Blue Cross ("Anthem Blue Cross") was the trade name of Blue Cross of  
24 California, operating throughout the State of California as an independent licensee of the Blue Cross  
25 Blue Shield Association, but owned by Anthem, Inc., a for-profit corporation. Anthem Blue Cross was  
26 a health insurance carrier that provided health insurance plans to groups of individuals through their  
27 employer-sponsored health insurance plans. Headquartered in Indianapolis, Indiana, Anthem is one of  
28 the nation's largest health care benefit programs, serving over 38 million members.

8. Blue Shield of California (“Blue Shield”) was a not-for-profit health plan provider based in San Francisco, California, which serves over 4 million individual health plan members as an independent member of the Blue Cross Blue Shield Association.

9. Cigna Health & Life Insurance Company (“Cigna”) was an American worldwide health services organization. Cigna’s insurance subsidiaries are major providers of medical, dental, disability, life and accident insurance and related products and services, the majority of which are offered through employers and other groups. Cigna Global Health Benefits is a unit within Cigna and headquartered in Wilmington, Delaware.

10. UnitedHealthcare Services (“UnitedHealthcare”) was an operating division of UnitedHealth Group, the largest single health carrier in the United States. UnitedHealth Group is an American diversified managed health care company based in Minnetonka, Minnesota, which offers a spectrum of products and services through two operating businesses, UnitedHealthcare and Optum.

11. Aetna Life Insurance Company (“Aetna”), headquartered in Hartford, Connecticut, was one of the nation’s leading diversified healthcare companies, and a member of the “Fortune 100.” Aetna offers a broad range of traditional and consumer-directed healthcare insurance products and related services. Aetna Life Insurance Company is a subsidiary of Aetna and underwrites some of its health plan policies.

12. Patients covered by the health care benefit program were called “beneficiaries.” Physicians who saw and treated beneficiaries were called “providers.”

#### Billing and Diagnostic Codes

13. Health care benefit programs, including Anthem Blue Cross, Blue Shield, Aetna, Cigna, and UnitedHealthcare (collectively, “HCBPs”) helped to pay for certain medically necessary physician services, outpatient services, and other medical services, and also for medically necessary inpatient hospital care, including medically necessary testing.

14. HCBPs ordinarily authorized payment for physician and hospital services only if those services were actually provided and were “medically necessary,” that is, the services were required because of disease, disability, infirmity, or impairment. HCBPs would not pay for services and treatment that were not actually provided or if the patient did not meet the criteria that indicated the patient needed

1 the relevant services and treatment.

2 15. At various times throughout the relevant period, Defendants GANESH and BELCHER  
3 were enrolled as providers of services to Anthem Blue Cross, Blue Shield, Aetna, Cigna, and  
4 UnitedHealthcare, and were eligible for reimbursement for covered services that were provided.

5 16. Medical services were billed to HCBPs by using numerical codes called Current  
6 Procedural Terminology codes ("CPT codes"). CPT codes provide a uniform language that accurately  
7 described medical, surgical, and diagnostic services billed to the private health insurance programs. The  
8 American Medical Association annually published and made available to all providers entitled to submit  
9 claims to HCBPs a CPT Manual, which set forth the criteria to be considered in selecting the proper  
10 codes to represent the services rendered.

11 17. Similarly, health care providers reported diagnoses using numerical codes called "ICD-9-  
12 CM" codes.

13 18. When submitting claims for reimbursement for services provided, medical providers  
14 were required to use correct CPT codes to identify each procedure and service. Health care benefit  
15 programs required providers to accurately list the CPT code that most completely identified the  
16 procedures or services performed.

17 19. Claims for reimbursement for medical services provided could be submitted to the  
18 HCBPs through the use of the health insurance claim form "CMS-1500" (formerly "HCFA-1500"). The  
19 CMS-1500 required submission of accurate information relating to the services provided, including:  
20 patient information; the type of service provided; a modifier to further describe such service (if  
21 applicable); the date such services were provided; the charge for such services; the diagnosis; and, the  
22 name and/or provider identification number of the performing physician.

23 20. The CMS-1500 form also provided several notices to the individual submitting the form  
24 as to the information being provided, including the following:

25 NOTICE: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim  
26 containing any misrepresentation or any false, incomplete or misleading  
27 information may be guilty of a criminal act punishable under law and may  
be subject to civil penalties.

28 21. In some instances, claims for reimbursement for medical services provided could be



1 submitted electronically to the private insurance companies. The electronic claim was electronically  
2 transmitted in data “packets” from the provider’s computer using a broadband internet connection, and  
3 required the inclusion of certain information relating to the services provided, including: patient  
4 information; type of services (CPT code); a modifier to further describe such service (if applicable); date  
5 of such service; and, diagnosis.

6 THE SCHEME AND ARTIFICE TO DEFRAUD

7 22. Beginning no later than on or about July 2009 and continuing through at least April  
8 2015, defendants GANESH and BELCHER intended to devise and participated in a scheme to defraud  
9 health care benefit programs by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses and representations  
10 in connection with the delivery or payment for health care benefits, items and services, which scheme is  
11 further described below.

12 23. It was a purpose of the scheme for GANESH and BELCHER to unlawfully enrich  
13 themselves by, among other things, (a) submitting false and fraudulent claims to the HCBPs; (b)  
14 concealing the submission of false and fraudulent claims to the HCBPs; and (c) diverting proceeds of the  
15 fraud for their personal use.

16 24. It was part of the scheme that defendants GANESH and BELCHER submitted and  
17 caused to be submitted to HCBPs false claims for services that GANESH and BELCHER knew were not  
18 properly payable because (1) defendants GANESH and BELCHER included false and inaccurate CPT  
19 codes, which artificially inflated both the seriousness of the patient’s condition as well as the time which  
20 the physician spent examining the patient; (2) defendants GANESH and BELCHER included false  
21 diagnoses in the claims which did not correspond with the true health and presentation of the patient  
22 beneficiaries; (3) defendants GANESH and BELCHER included claims for days when the patient  
23 beneficiaries had not been seen by the provider; (4) defendant GANESH represented that the patient  
24 beneficiaries were seen by another physician provider (not herself) no longer affiliated with defendant  
25 GANESH and her practice at CMG, and (5) defendant BELCHER represented that the patient  
26 beneficiaries received physical therapy from a physical therapist when in fact they received massages  
27 from massage therapists.

28 25. Defendants GANESH and BELCHER did not employ a designated “bookkeeper” or

1 maintain a billing department, staffed by anyone with specific training in medical billing. Instead,  
2 GANESH instructed office receptionists and medical assistants to enter and submit bills to the HCBPs  
3 based on her written instructions. Defendant BELCHER occasionally instructed his office staff to assist  
4 in this effort with regard to care Ganesh provided. Regarding the patients who purportedly received  
5 physical therapy, defendant BELCHER commonly directed his staff to record the details of the patient  
6 visits in a manner that facilitated his submission of false claims, and he further commonly directed his  
7 staff to allow him to finalize the claims submitted to HCBPs regarding physical therapy.

8         26. It was further part of the scheme to defraud that in or about January 2010, defendant  
9 GANESH began to use the TIN xx43757, which was previously assigned to and used by CMG/KRD,  
10 and had not been used substantially since E.D. left the practice in 2006. Between 2010 and 2014,  
11 GANESH used the KRD TIN to submit claims in the name of E.D. and KRD as the service provider to  
12 several HCBPs, including Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield, while also submitting claims to other  
13 HCBPs simultaneously using her own TIN and listing herself as the provider.

14         27. It was further part of the scheme to defraud that defendant GANESH submitted to the  
15 HCBPs false requests for reimbursement using the CPT Codes 99245 or 99215, accounting for  
16 approximately 85 percent of all the claims for reimbursement submitted by defendant GANESH  
17 between 2007 and 2014. Both of these CPT codes represent time-intensive office visits of at least 80  
18 minutes for patients requiring the highest level of complex care and experiencing symptoms of  
19 moderate-to-high severity.

20         28. It was further part of the scheme to defraud that defendant BELCHER submitted to the  
21 HCBPs false claims for reimbursement using the CPT codes associated with a physical therapy session  
22 lasting approximately one hour to one hour and fifteen minutes, when in fact the patient beneficiary had  
23 merely received a massage from a massage therapist or no care at all.

24         29. It was a further part of the scheme to defraud that defendants GANESH and BELCHER,  
25 when approached by representatives of the HCBPs or the patient beneficiaries themselves to provide  
26 documentation or additional information to substantiate the claims that defendants GANESH and  
27 BELCHER were submitting, or that they caused to be submitted, defendants GANESH and BELCHER  
28 further misrepresented, concealed, and hid or directed their subordinates to misrepresent, conceal or

1 hide, acts done in furtherance of the scheme and the purposes of those acts.

2 30. In furtherance of the scheme, in or about 2011, defendants GANESH and BELCHER  
3 opened a bank account at Bank of America, ending in xx68753, in the name of "Dr. Ganesh MD, Inc.,  
4 dba [KRD], Inc." Both GANESH and BELCHER had signature authority over the account. This  
5 account was used almost exclusively to deposit the reimbursement checks that defendants received from  
6 HCBPs, which were made payable to KRD and/or E.D.

7 31. Also in furtherance of the scheme, defendants GANESH and BELCHER caused to be  
8 submitted hundreds of claims for reimbursement from the HCBPs for days which (i) were weekends  
9 when the CMG and physical therapy office located in Saratoga were closed; (ii) the patient denied they  
10 were seen; (iii) used CPT codes under both GANESH's own TIN and the KRD TIN which accounted  
11 for more than 24 hours in a single day; (iv) were days when the patient beneficiary could not have been  
12 seen by GANESH, BELCHER, or their staff because either the patient or defendants GANESH and  
13 BELCHER were not physically present in California, and (v) the patient did not receive the care  
14 described in the false claim. In particular:

15 a. Defendant GANESH submitted a total of 88 reimbursement requests to various  
16 HCBPs falsely claiming a total of 116 hours of patient care in a single day, June 28,  
17 2012, including a request sent on June 13, 2013, to Anthem Blue Cross on a CMS-  
18 1500, falsely claiming that E.D. of KRD had provided services to patient beneficiary  
19 S.S. on June 28, 2012.

20 b. On or about June 12, 2013, defendant GANESH submitted a request for  
21 reimbursement to Blue Shield through their electronic management system falsely  
22 claiming patient beneficiary M.K. had been seen by E.D. on March 5, 2012, using  
23 CPT Code 99245, indicating that an 80-minute visit with the highest level of  
24 complexity had occurred.

25 c. Defendant GANESH submitted a total of 170 reimbursement requests to various  
26 HCBPs, using both the KRD TIN and her own TIN, falsely claiming a total of 114  
27 hours of patient care in the CMG office on Saturday, December 29, 2012, including  
28 one claim submitted to Cigna on March 29, 2013, for care allegedly provided to



1 patient beneficiary M.H.

- 2 d. Defendant GANESH submitted a total of 164 reimbursement requests to various  
3 HCBPs, using both the KRD TIN and her own TIN, falsely claiming a total of 113  
4 hours of patient care on Sunday, December 30, 2012, including one claim submitted  
5 to Cigna on March 29, 2013, for care allegedly provided to patient beneficiary M.H.
- 6 e. Defendant GANESH submitted a total of 124 reimbursement requests to various  
7 HCBPs, using both the KRD TIN and her own TIN, falsely claiming a total of 85  
8 hours of patient care on Monday, December 31, 2012, including one claim submitted  
9 to Cigna on March 29, 2013, for care allegedly provided to patient beneficiary M.H.
- 10 f. From on or about May 7, 2014, to on or about May 20, 2014, defendant BELCHER  
11 submitted fifteen fraudulent reimbursement claims, for a total of \$1,354, to Cigna for  
12 care allegedly provided to patient beneficiary M.H., when in truth and in fact,  
13 defendant BELCHER provided no care to the patient on the claimed dates.
- 14 g. From on or about May 7, 2014, to on or about May 20, 2014, defendant GANESH  
15 submitted four fraudulent reimbursement claims, for a total of \$800, to Cigna for care  
16 allegedly provided to patient beneficiary M.H., when in truth and in fact, defendant  
17 GANESH provided no care to the patient on the claimed dates.
- 18 h. On or about May 12, 2014, Defendant GANESH submitted four fraudulent  
19 reimbursement claims, for a total of \$800, to UnitedHealthcare for care allegedly  
20 provided to patient beneficiary A.D. under CPT Code 99215, on February 17, 19, 21,  
21 and 23, 2014, when in truth and fact, defendant GANESH provided no care to the  
22 patient on the claimed dates.
- 23 i. Between on or about July 20, 2012 and on or about December 1, 2012, defendant  
24 GANESH submitted to Aetna over 73 claims all purportedly for the care of a single  
25 patient beneficiary, S.K., almost all of which were billed at CPT Code 99245,  
26 indicating visits of approximately 80 minutes in length. In truth and fact S.K.  
27 reported that she or her family members were seen by GANESH no more than nine  
28 times total in the four month period, and never for more than 15 minutes at a time.

When S.K. contested the charges with Aetna in or about March 2013, Aetna sought additional documentation from GANESH and disallowed approximately \$4000.00 of the billed charges. When Aetna failed to pay, defendant GANESH sent S.K. a bill in December 2014 purporting to claim that S.K. and family personally owed CMG \$7,350.00 in unpaid and unreimbursed office visits.

- j. On or about May 27 and August 8, 2014, Defendant BELCHER caused to be submitted three fraudulent reimbursement claims, in the amounts of \$131.68 and \$133.67 (twice), to Blue Shield of California for physical therapy allegedly provided to patient beneficiary M.K., on May 19, May 22, and July 29 (respectively), when in truth and fact, the patient received either a massage or no care of any sort on the claimed dates.
- k. On or about June 30, 2014, Defendant BELCHER caused to be submitted a fraudulent reimbursement claim, in the amount of \$131.68, to Blue Shield of California for physical therapy allegedly provided to patient beneficiary A.B., on June 22, 2014, when in truth and fact, the patient received either a massage or no care of any sort on the claimed date.
- l. On or about October 12, 2012, June 21, 2013, and November 26, 2013, Defendant BELCHER caused to be submitted three fraudulent reimbursement claims, in the amounts of \$161.16 and \$217.01 (twice) to Cigna for physical therapy allegedly provided to patient beneficiary M.H., on October 9, 2012, June 19, 2013, and November 23, 2013 (respectively), when in truth and fact, the patient received either a massage or no care of any sort on the claimed dates.

COUNT ONE: (18 U.S.C. § 1349 – Health Care Fraud Conspiracy)

32. Paragraphs 1 through 31 are re-alleged and incorporated as if fully set forth here.

33. From at least in or about January 2008 through in or about January 2015, in the Northern District of California and elsewhere, the defendants

VILASINI GANESH and  
GREGORY BELCHER,

1 did knowingly and intentionally conspire and agree with one another to execute, and to attempt to  
 2 execute, a material scheme and artifice (1) to defraud a health care benefit program affecting commerce,  
 3 as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 24(b), namely Anthem Blue Cross, Blue Shield,  
 4 Cigna, Aetna, and UnitedHealthcare, and (2) to obtain, by means of materially false and fraudulent  
 5 pretenses, representations, and promises, money owned by and under the custody and control of a health  
 6 care benefit program, all in connection with the delivery of and payment for health care benefits, items,  
 7 and services, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1347.

8 All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349.

9 COUNTS TWO THROUGH TEN: (18 U.S.C. §§ 1347 and 2 – Health Care Fraud)

10 34. Paragraphs 1 through 31 are re-alleged and incorporated as if fully set forth here and in  
 11 each of Counts Two through Ten, below.

12 35. On or about the dates set forth below, in the Northern District of California, the  
 13 defendants,

14 VILASINI GANESH and  
 15 GREGORY BELCHER,

16 knowingly and willfully executed and attempted to execute a described scheme and artifice (1) to  
 17 defraud a health care benefit program as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 24(b), and (2)  
 18 to obtain, by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, money  
 19 owned by and under the custody and control of the health care benefit program, in connection with a  
 20 delivery of and payment for health care benefits, items, and services:

Count	Defendant	Date of Claimed Care	Beneficiary	HCBP	Date Paid	Amount Paid
2	GANESH	06/28/2012	S.S.	Anthem Blue Cross	06/17/2013	\$1,454.14
3	GANESH	03/05/2012	M.K.	Blue Shield	04/19/2013	\$432.16
4	GANESH	12/30/2012	M.H.	Cigna	07/08/2013	\$1,000.00
5	GANESH	02/17/2014	A.D.	UnitedHealthcare	05/20/2014	\$4,744.15
6	GANESH	09/21/2012	S.K.	Aetna	01/02/2013	\$6,627.61

7	BELCHER	10/09/2012	M.H.	Cigna	10/18/2012	\$1,071.34
8	BELCHER	06/19/2013	M.H.	Cigna	06/27/2013	\$939.05
9	BELCHER	05/19/2014	M.K.	Blue Shield	05/30/2014	\$836.66
10	BELCHER	06/22/2014	A.B.	Blue Shield	07/01/14	\$238.79

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1347 and 2.

**COUNTS ELEVEN THROUGH SEVENTEEN:** (18 U.S.C. § 1035 – False Statements Relating to Health Care Matters)

36. Paragraphs 1 through 35 are re-alleged and incorporated as if fully set forth here and in each of Counts Seven through Eleven, below.

37. On or about the dates set forth below, in the Northern District of California, the defendants

VILASINI GANESH and  
GREGORY BELCHER,

knowingly and willfully made and used a materially false writing and document, namely a request for beneficiary payment, knowing the same to contain materially false, fictitious, and fraudulent statements and entries, in connection with payment for health care benefits, items, and services in a matter involving a health care benefit program, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 24(b):

Count	Def.	Date Claim Sub'd	Bene'y	HCBP	CPT Code /TIN Billed	Nature of Proof of False Representation
11	GANESH	12/23/2013	S.S.	Anthem Blue Cross	99215 / xx43757	Impermissible usage of TIN associated with another provider; alleged service not performed on 12/31/2012 for duration claimed
12	GANESH	08/10/2013	M.K.	Blue Shield	99245/ xx43757	Impermissible usage of TIN associated with another provider; alleged service not performed on 06/02/2012 and for duration claimed.

13	GANESH	03/29/ 2013	M.H.	Cigna	99215/ xx47871	Services not provided on three successive days (12/29/2012, 12/30/2012, and 12/31/2012) for the duration claimed
14	GANESH	05/12/ 2014	A.D.	United- Healthcare	99215/ xx47871	Service not rendered on date indicated for duration claimed
15	GANESH	12/10/ 2012	S.K.	Aetna	99245/ xx47871	Service not rendered on dates and for duration claimed
16	BELCHER	11/26/ 2013	M.H.	Cigna	97001, 97032, 97110, 97112, and 97140 / xx16097	Service not rendered on dates and for duration claimed
17	BELCHER	08/08/ 2014	M.K.	Blue Shield	97001, 97110, 97112, 97140, and 97032 / xx16097	Service not rendered on dates and for duration claimed

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1035.

**COUNT EIGHTEEN:** (18 U.S.C. § 1956(h) – Conspiracy to Commit Money Laundering)

38. Paragraphs 1 through 37, and the transactions alleged in each of Counts Nineteen through Twenty-four, are re-alleged and incorporated as if fully set forth here.

39. From in or about May 2011, the exact date being unknown to the Grand Jury, and continuing until in or about January 2014, in the Northern District of California and elsewhere, the defendants,

VILASINI GANESH and  
GREGORY BELCHER,

did conspire with each other and with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, to commit an offense against the United States, to wit: knowing that property involved in a financial transaction represented proceeds of some form of unlawful activity, and with property was in fact the proceeds of specified unlawful activity, namely health care fraud, defendants conducted financial transactions knowing that those transactions were designed in whole and in part to conceal and disguise the nature,

SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT

location, source, ownership, and control of the proceeds of that specified unlawful activity, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(a)(1)(B)(i);

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(h).

COUNTS NINETEEN THROUGH TWENTY-FOUR: (18 U.S.C. §§ 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) and 2 – Money Laundering)

40. Paragraphs 1 through 39 are re-alleged and incorporated as if fully set forth here and in each of Counts Nineteen through Twenty-four, below.

41. On or about the dates set forth below, in the Northern District of California and elsewhere, the defendants,

VILASINI GANESH and  
GREGORY BELCHER,

did knowingly conduct and attempt to conduct the following financial transactions affecting interstate and foreign commerce, which involved the proceeds of specified unlawful activity, that is health care fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code Section 1347, and false statements in relation to health care matters, in violation of Title 18, United States Code Section 1035, and knowing that the transactions were designed in whole and in part to conceal and disguise, the nature, location, source, ownership, and control of the proceeds of said specified unlawful activity and that while conducting and attempting to conduct such financial transactions, the defendants knew that the property involved in the financial transactions represented the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity:

Count	Date	Amount	Monetary Transaction
NINETEEN	08/08/2011	\$12,000.00	Purchase of Cashier's Check No. 432311932 from Bank of America Account ending in xx8753
TWENTY	09/23/2011	\$15,000.00	Purchase of Cashier's Check No. 422859367 from Bank of America Account ending in xx8753
TWENTY-ONE	10/19/2011	\$23,000.00	Purchase of Cashier's Check No. 433613797 from Bank of America Account ending in xx8753
TWENTY-TWO	11/29/2011	\$7,000.00	Purchase of Cashier's Check No. 422859603 from Bank of America Account ending in xx8753

SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT



TWENTY-THREE	12/16/2011	\$20,000.00	Purchase of Cashier's Check No. 422859519 from Bank of America Account ending in xx8753
TWENTY-FOUR	11/19/2013	\$77,000.00	Deposit of Cashier's Check Nos. 432311932, 422859367, 433613797, 422859603, 422859519 in Bank of the West Account ending in xx7654

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) and 2.

**FORFEITURE ALLEGATION:** (18 U.S.C. § 982(a)(7) - Health Care Fraud Forfeiture)

42. The factual allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 41 are re-alleged and incorporated as if fully set forth here for the purpose of alleging forfeiture pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(a)(1) and (a)(7).

43. Upon a conviction of any of the offenses alleged in Counts One through Ten of this Superseding Indictment, the defendants,

VILASINI GANESH and  
GREGORY BELCHER,

shall forfeit to the United States, pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(a)(7), all rights, title and interest in property, real and personal, that constitutes or is derived from, directly or indirectly, from gross proceeds traceable to the commission of the offense, including but not limited to a sum of money equal to the gross proceeds obtained as a result of the offense.

44. Upon a conviction for the offenses alleged in Counts Eighteen through Twenty-four of this Superseding Indictment, the defendants,

VILASINI GANESH and  
GREGORY BELCHER

shall forfeit to the United States pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 982(a)(1) any property, real and personal, involved in said violations, or any property traceable to such property, including but not limited to a sum of money equal to all property involved in the offense.

45. If any of the property, as a result of any act or omission of the defendants:

- a. cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
- b. has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;
- c. has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court;
- d. has been substantially diminished in value; or
- e. has been commingled with other property which cannot be divided without difficulty,

the United States of America shall be entitled to forfeiture of substitute property pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), as incorporated by Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(b)(1). All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 982(a)(1), 982(a)(7), 1347, and 1349; and Rule 32.2 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

DATED: July 13, 2017

A TRUE BILL

Ch Ocho  
FOREPERSON

BRIAN J. STRETCH  
United States Attorney

Jeffrey Nedrow  
JEFFREY NEDROW  
San Jose Branch Chief

Approved as to form:  
Patrick R. Delahunty

PATRICK R. DELAHUNTY  
Assistant United States Attorney

SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT

**DEFENDANT INFORMATION RELATIVE TO A CRIMINAL ACTION - IN U.S. DISTRICT COURT**
 BY: ☐ COMPLAINT ☐ INFORMATION ☒ INDICTMENT  
☒ SUPERSEDING
**OFFENSE CHARGED**

SEE ATTACHED

- ☐
- Petty
- 
- ☐
- Minor
- 
- ☐
- Misdemeanor
- 
- ☒
- Felony

 PENALTY:  
 SEE ATTACHED

Name of District Court, and/or Judge/Magistrate Location

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SAN JOSE DIVISION

**DEFENDANT - U.S.**

VILASINI GANESH and GREGORY BELCHER

DISTRICT COURT NUMBER

CK-16-211-LHK FILED

**PROCEEDING**

Name of Complainant Agency, or Person (&amp; Title, if any)

FBI S/A Bryan Taylor &amp; DeVonne Hinton

☐ person is awaiting trial in another Federal or State Court, give name of court

☐ this person/proceeding is transferred from another district per (circle one) FRCrp 20, 21, or 40. Show District

☐ this is a reprosecution of charges previously dismissed which were dismissed on motion of:

☐ U.S. ATTORNEY ☐ DEFENSE

SHOW DOCKET NO.

☐ this prosecution relates to a pending case involving this same defendant

MAGISTRATE CASE NO.

☐ prior proceedings or appearance(s) before U.S. Magistrate regarding this defendant were recorded under

 Name and Office of Person  
 Furnishing Information on this form BRIAN STRETCH

☒ U.S. Attorney ☐ Other U.S. Agency

Name of Assistant U.S. Attorney (if assigned) AUSA PATRICK DELAHUNTY

**DEFENDANT****IS NOT IN CUSTODY**

Has not been arrested, pending outcome of this proceeding.

 1) ☐ If not detained give date prior summons was served on above charges
2) ☐ Is a Fugitive3) ☒ Is on Bail or Release from (show District)

NDCA

**IS IN CUSTODY**4) ☐ On this charge5) ☐ On another conviction
☐ Federal ☐ State
6) ☐ Awaiting trial on other charges

If answer to (6) is "Yes", show name of institution

 Has detainer been filed? ☐ Yes ☐ No

If "Yes" give date filed

DATE OF ARREST

Month/Day/Year

Or... if Arresting Agency &amp; Warrant were not

DATE TRANSFERRED TO U.S. CUSTODY Month/Day/Year

☐ This report amends AO 257 previously submitted
**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OR COMMENTS****PROCESS:**
☐ SUMMONS ☒ NO PROCESS\* ☐ WARRANT

Bail Amount: \_\_\_\_\_

If Summons, complete following:

☐ Arraignment ☐ Initial Appearance

Defendant Address:

\* Where defendant previously apprehended on complaint, no new summons or warrant needed, since Magistrate has scheduled arraignment

Date/Time: \_\_\_\_\_ Before Judge: \_\_\_\_\_

Comments:

PENALTY SHEET ATTACHMENT

**COUNT 1 – Conspiracy to Commit Health Care Fraud – 18 U.S.C. § 1349**

Defendants: Ganesh and Belcher

Imprisonment: 10 years

Fine: \$250,000

Supervised Release: 3 years

Special Assessment: \$100

**COUNTS 2-10 - Health Care Fraud – 18 U.S.C. § 1347**

Defendants: Ganesh (Ct. Nos. 2-6) and Belcher (Ct. Nos. 7-10)

Imprisonment: 10 years

Fine: \$250,000

Supervised Release: 3 years

Special Assessment: \$100

**COUNTS 11-17 – False Statements relating to Health Care Matters – 18 U.S.C. § 1035**

Defendants: Ganesh (Ct. Nos. 11-15) and Belcher (Ct. Nos. 16-17)

Imprisonment: 5 years

Fine: \$250,000

Supervised Release: 3 years

Special Assessment: \$100

**COUNT 18 – Conspiracy to Commit Money Laundering – 18 U.S.C. § 1956(h)**

Defendants: Ganesh and Belcher

Imprisonment: 20 years

Fine: \$500,000 (or twice the value of the property involved in the transaction, whichever is greater)

**COUNTS 19-24 – Money Laundering – 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) and 2**

Defendants: Ganesh and Belcher

Imprisonment: 20 years

Fine: \$500,000 (or twice the value of the property involved in the transaction, whichever is greater)